Multi gas analyser





Cold gas measuring system for continuous emission measurement of pollutants in potentially explosive atmospheres

MEASURING RANGES		
	Meas. range 1	Meas. range 2
CO:	0125 mg/m³ (0100 ppm)	01000 mg/m³ (0800 ppm)
CO ₂ :	020 vol. %	-
NO:	0300 mg/m³ (0225 ppm)	01000 mg/m³ (0750 ppm)
NO ₂ :	0200 mg/m³ (095 ppm)	01000 mg/m³ (0485 ppm)
N ₂ O:	0300 mg/m³ (0155 ppm)	01000 mg/m³ (0510 ppm)
SO ₂ :	0200 mg/m³ (070 ppm)	01000 mg/m³ (0350 ppm)
CH₄:	0300 mg/m³ (0420 ppm)	01000 mg/m³ (01400 ppm)
H ₂ ^[1] :	05 vol. %	0100 vol. %
H ₂ S ^[2] :	075 mg/m³ (050 ppm)	-
O ₂ [2] [3]:	025 vol. %	-
^[2] measurei ^[3] measurei	ment via thermal conductiv ment via electrochemical co ment via paramagnetic sen conents and measuring ran	ell ssor [1]

YOUR BENEFITS AT A GLANCE

- · protective principle Ex d
- pressure-resistant gas path up to 3 bar
- explosive gases can be passed through in a closed loop
- simultaneous measurement of up to five gas components
- reduced cross-sensitivities through internal spectral filter
- integrated zero gas valve for zero point correction
- · all gas-contacting elements are made of metal

PRECONDITIONS ON SITE

- ambient temperature: -20...+40 °C
- · protection against percussions/vibrations
- · appropriate gas sampling and conditioning

DESIGN & APPLICATION

The multi gas analyser MGA 12 Ex consists of a robust housing for application in potentially explosive atmospheres (Ex-Zones 1 and 2). The measuring technology of the analyser is located inside the housing with the optical bench, the power supply unit and the signal processing.

Four different measuring methods are applied when analysing gas concentrations with the MGA 12 Ex: infrared absorption, electrochemical cell, paramagnetic measuring method, thermal conductivity sensor.



Housing:	robust housing, IP66; thermostatted infrared photometer (optical bench);	
	400 mm x 600 mm x 290 mm (w x h x d); approx. 40 kg (with option of paramagnetic oxygen measurement approx. 75 kg)	
Measuring methods:	 infrared absorption (CO, CO₂, SO₂, NO, NO₂, CH₄, H₂O) electrochemical cell (O₂, H₂S) paramagnetic measuring method (O₂) thermal conductivity sensor (H₂) 	
Accuracy:	< 2% of the respective measuring range	
Response time:	T ₉₀ < 180 s (depending on plant and chosen component)	
Ambient conditions:	-20+40 °C; relative humidity: max. 90% (non-condensing)	
Zero point correction:	automatic by integrated zero gas valve, with ambient air	
Sensitivity correction:	manual, with test gas	
Air pressure correction:	internal pressure sensor for real-time pressure compensation of measuring values	
Gas inputs/outputs:	measuring gas input, zero gas input, exhaust output, breather; respectively with flame barrier, 6 mm Swagelok	
Display / Operating:	graphic display (LCD), 240 x 128 Pixel, background-lighted; menu-driven operating; display possibility in mg/m³, ppm and vol. %; languages (factory-set): German, English, French, Polish; 6 operating keys	
Analogue outputs:	4 active analogue outputs, 420 mA, potential-free, burden max. 500 Ohm	
Digital outputs:	4 digital outputs, potential-free, 24 V DC with max. 0.4 A (max. 10 W) for failure, maintenance, maintenance request and zero point setting	
Service interface:	RS232 and remote software for maintenance and diagnostic purpose	
Power supply:	230 V AC / 50-60 Hz, 40 W (max. 90 W)	
Options:	 paramagnetic oxygen sensor for measurement of O₂ (not available for pressure-resistant model, standard pressure up to max. 500 mbar) thermal conductivity sensor for measurement of H₂ (not available for pressure-resistant model, standard pressure up to max. 500 mbar) pressure-resistant model: pressure resistance of the measuring gas path up to max. 3 bar (not available in connection with Vparamagnetic oxygen sensor or thermal conductivity sensor) digital inputs (optocoupler; e.g. for breather, measuring gas pipe, gas cooling unit) 	

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